

## GRAMMAR

## a Circle a, b, or c.

Example: My parents \_\_\_\_\_ in China.

a are born **b** were born c was born1 She \_\_\_\_\_ had a bank account for five years now.  
a had b has c have2 His latest film isn't \_\_\_\_\_ the last one I saw.  
a as good than b better c as good as

3 A How long \_\_\_\_\_ for me?

B For half an hour!

a are you waiting b do you wait  
c have you been waiting4 I've been playing football \_\_\_\_\_ I was six years old.  
a when b since c for

5 A When \_\_\_\_\_ on holiday to Thailand?

B Two years ago.

a did you go b have you gone c you went

6 Let's eat in this restaurant. It's \_\_\_\_\_ than the other one.

a less expensive b more cheaper c as expensive

7 A Can I speak to Peter, please?

B Sorry, he \_\_\_\_\_ out.

a has just been b just has been c has just gone

8 You look tired. What \_\_\_\_\_?

a you have been doing b have you doing  
c have you been doing

9 Have you \_\_\_\_\_? There's blue paint in your hair!

a been painting b painting c painted

10 He was \_\_\_\_\_ teacher I've ever had.

a the worse b worst c the worst

b Complete the sentences with **one** word.Contractions (e.g. *don't*) count as one word.Example: She's waiting for the bus.

11 He \_\_\_\_\_ saved enough money yet. He needs another 500 euros.

12 The journey didn't take as long \_\_\_\_\_ we thought.

13 How long have they \_\_\_\_\_ going out together?

14 Have you \_\_\_\_\_ been to South America?

15 We've been living in this house \_\_\_\_\_ four years now.

16 I haven't finished my exams \_\_\_\_\_. I've got two more next week.

17 How much money \_\_\_\_\_ you earn last month?

18 I love Venice. It's the \_\_\_\_\_ beautiful city I've been to.

19 I haven't seen you \_\_\_\_\_ last summer. How are you?

20 A Would you like a cup of coffee?

B No, thanks. I've \_\_\_\_\_ had one.

20

## VOCABULARY

## a Write synonyms for the adjectives.

Example: very small tiny

1 very dirty \_\_\_\_\_

2 very angry \_\_\_\_\_

3 very tasty \_\_\_\_\_

4 very hungry \_\_\_\_\_

5 very big \_\_\_\_\_

## b Complete the money words.

Example: Could I **borrow** £10 until tomorrow, please?6 I bought this book yesterday. It **c** \_\_\_\_\_ £20.7 This ring isn't **w** \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of money, but I love it!8 Here's the money you **l** \_\_\_\_\_ me last week – thank you.9 My parents have just finished paying the **mo** \_\_\_\_\_ on their house.10 Is there a cash machine near here? I need to **t** \_\_\_\_\_ **o** \_\_\_\_\_ some money.

## c Write the missing prepositions.

Example: The train went through the tunnel.

11 I'll pay \_\_\_\_\_ this by credit card.

12 My brother borrowed £10 \_\_\_\_\_ me last month.

13 I paid for dinner \_\_\_\_\_ cash.

14 The hotel charged me £25 \_\_\_\_\_ a two-minute phone call.

15 Chris still hasn't paid me \_\_\_\_\_ the money I lent him!

## d Complete the compound nouns.

Example: Please go to the **check-in desk**.16 Slow down! The \_\_\_\_\_ **limit** here is 40 kph.17 We arrived late because there was a terrible **traffic** \_\_\_\_\_.18 I had to pay a £50 **parking** \_\_\_\_\_!19 I never use **public** \_\_\_\_\_. I always go by car.20 Before we got on the plane we had to show our \_\_\_\_\_ **cards**.

20

## PRONUNCIATION

a Underline the word with a different sound.Example: /æ/ van tram lane rank1 /əʊ/ loan cost **owe** coach

2 /eɪ/ save waste pay travel

3 /dʒ/ charge jam gate carriage

4 /aɪ/ paid aisle tiny flight

5 /ɜ:/ worth lorry works earn

b Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: salary

6 motorway

7 underground

8 afford

9 exhausted

10 inherit

10

Total

50

**GRAMMAR**

- a 1 b 2 c 3 c 4 b 5 a 6 a 7 c 8 c  
9 a 10 c  
b 11 hasn't 12 as 13 been 14 ever  
15 for 16 yet 17 did 18 most  
19 since 20 just / already

**VOCABULARY**

- a 1 filthy 2 furious 3 delicious  
4 starving 5 enormous  
b 6 cost 7 worth 8 lent 9 mortgage  
10 take out  
c 11 for 12 from 13 in 14 for  
15 back  
d 16 speed 17 jam 18 fine  
19 transport 20 boarding

**PRONUNCIATION**

- a 1 cost 2 travel 3 gate 4 paid  
5 lorry

- b 6 motorway 7 underground 8 afford  
9 exhausted 10 inherit

For instructions on how to use these pages, see p.32.

## GRAMMAR

- a 1 already 2 long 3 Since 4 Have 5 yet  
 b 1 been working 2 just made  
 3 more expensive 4 carefully as 5 the most

## VOCABULARY

- a 1 bank (It's a place. The others are forms of payment.)  
 2 mortgage (It's a noun. The others are all verbs.)  
 3 hungry (The other adjectives are all 'strong' adjectives.)  
 4 awful (It has a negative meaning. The other three have a positive meaning.)  
 5 travel (It's a verb. The other words are nouns.)  
 6 helmet (You wear it. The other three are vehicles.)  
 7 railway station (It's related to rail travel. The other words are all related to road travel.)  
 b 1 filthy 2 tax 3 rush hour 4 lend 5 platform  
 6 inherit 7 boarding pass / card 8 tiny  
 c 1 off 2 out 3 for 4 back 5 by

## PRONUNCIATION

- a 1 coach (It's /əʊ/) 4 cycle (It's /s/)  
 2 tiny (It's /aɪ/) 5 earn (It's /ɜː/)  
 3 charge (It's /tʃ/)  
 b invest, security, luggage, pedestrian, terrified

## CAN YOU UNDERSTAND THIS TEXT?

- a 1 a 2 b 3 c 4 a 5 b

b fortunate = lucky

**charity** = an organization which collects money to help people who are poor, sick, etc.

**volunteer** = somebody who offers or agrees to do something without being forced or paid

**orphanage** = an institution where children without parents live and are looked after

**deposit** = a percentage of the price of something you are buying which you pay in advance

**annoyed** = made angry

**adopted** = taken by a family and looked after as if they were their own children

**useful** = having a practical use

**definitely** = certainly, without doubt